EXHIBIT B

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	
SUSAN B. LONG, ET AL.,)
Plaintiffs,)
vs.) CV No. 17-1097) Washington, D.C.) May 27, 2021
IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT, ET A) 10:03 a.m.
Defendants.	,))
TRANSCRIPT OF EVIDENTIARY HEARING VIA ZOOM PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE HONORABLE AMIT P. MEHTA UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE APPEARANCES:	
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PLAINTIFF's:

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warehouse system, IIDS, which we use for all types of
 1
 2
     reporting and analytics and any type of query purposes.
 3
     that's where the requests are -- FOIA request data for
 4
     operational data ultimately comes out of the IIDS. But the
 5
     data itself is created in the EID, sourced from EID.
 6
               So where does the agency search for records that
 7
     would respond to a FOIA request like TRAC's request?
 8
          Α
               Right.
               So we search for those records in our -- in
 9
10
     artifacts that are deliverable which were created out of
11
     IIDS.
12
               So if I understand correctly, the data originates
13
     in the EID --
14
          Α
               Correct.
15
               -- which is the system of record, correct?
16
               Yes.
          Α
17
               And then you just mentioned that searches are done
18
     through IIDS; is that right?
19
               That's correct, yes.
          Α
20
               Can you explain how that data gets from the EID
21
     into the IIDS?
22
          Α
               Sure.
23
               So we follow an ETL process, which is extract,
24
     transform, load. This is a standard process that you use to
25
     move data from a transactional system such as EID to a
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reporting system.

So we do this process three times a week, where we completely rebuild our reporting database based on the current EID data. So we run this process three times a week to have a reporting repository available so that we can answer questions about the EID operational data.

Q So the ETL is kind of a conduit, a go-between, from EID to IIDS?

A Yeah, the ETL is a process. So it does three things. It extracts.

So data in EID is transactional data, it's not stored in a way which is intended for reporting. It's very -- it's a normalized database, it's not structured in a way that makes reporting easy.

So this is pretty standard. What you do is you then have a data warehouse, which has a completely different type of data structure that is more amenable toward reporting.

So the ETL doesn't extract. Three times a week, we go in and we pull all the relevant EID data. We transform it. That's the "T" in the ETL. So we reorganize it, we add calculations to get commonly requested items pre-canned and ready to go.

And then we load it. That's the "L." So that's where it actually then gets loaded into the IIDS data model.